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Národný projekt

VZDELÁVANÍM PEDAGOGICKÝCH ZAMESTNANCOV K INKLÚZII MARGINALIZOVANÝCH RÓMSKYCH KOMUNÍT

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READING COMPREHENSION WORKSHEETS 2

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Tento učebný zdroj bol vytvorený z prostriedkov projektu Vzdelávaním pedagogických zamestnancov k inklúzii marginalizovaných rómskych komunít. Projekt je spolufinancovaný zo zdrojov Európskej únie.

Text neprešiel štylistickou ani grafickou úpravou.

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Úvod

Vyučovanie cudzieho jazyka je pevnou súčasťou školských osnov. Kľúčovými kompetenciami v oblasti jazykovej prípravy sú: porozumieť, hovoriť a písať.

Cieľom vytvorenia tohto učebného zdroja je poskytnúť pracovné listy pre potreby základných škôl s VJM, ktoré sú zamerané na čítanie s porozumením, teda pochopenie čítaného textu. Rôzne typy úloh sú určené aj na precvičovanie slovnej zásoby jednoduchou, hravou formou. Slovná zásoba a gramatika vychádza z požiadaviek SERR na úrovni A1. Materiál je určený pre starších žiakov – podľa uváženia učiteľa. Témy sú rozmanité, zahrňujú najmä opis zvierat, zaujímavosti z oblasti prírody a geografie, zo sveta ľudí, ale aj rozprávanie o sebe.

Pracovné listy poslúžia na precvičovanie a upevnenie poznatkov z anglického jazyka. Pracovné listy sú koncipované tak, aby s nimi žiaci mohli pracovať samostatne, len pri niektorých cvičeniach sa vyžaduje pomoc učiteľa.

FAMOUS ANIMALS

Once upon a time there was a beautiful collie. His name was Pal. He loved chasing cars. A family that trained animals for films saw that Pal was very talented. They sent him to the MGM film studios. They were making the film "Lassie, come home". Pal became the most famous animal film star of all times. He starred in seven films! Lassie was a girl but Pal was a boy. All Lassies in the films were his sons and grandsons.

Keiko is the most famous orca – killer whale. He spent many years in marine parks. Keiko starred in the popular family film "Free Willy". It was the story of a young boy who made friends with a whale called Willy. After his film carreer many people wanted to free Keiko. He was later released in the sea. Keiko is the biggest film star of all times – he weighed 3500 kg!

1. Answer the questions below. V	álaszolj a kérdésekre.
What breed of dog was Pal?	
• What was Pal's name in films?	
• Was Pal a male or a female dog?	
Is orca a kind of whale?	
• What was Keiko's name in films?	
• Who was Willy's friend in the film?	
2. Write TRUE or FALSE. Igaz	vagy hamis az állítás?
Pal was a very talented dog. Pal's children starred in films, too.	Keiko died in a marine park. Keiko weighed over 3 tonnes.
Pal starred in more than 7 films.	Willy is a killer whale.
3. Now answer the questions belo	ow. Válaszolj az alábbi kérdésekre.
a) Do you like animals?	
b) Do you know any other animals film stars? .	
c) What films with animal stars have you seen	.?
d) Which is your favourite film star?	
4. Write about your favourite anim	nal star. Írj a kedvenc állatszereplődről.

THE GIANT PANDA

Giant pandas are black and white bears with round heads, small black ears and white faces. They have a black patch around each eye. They have short tails. Giant pandas walk on all fours and can climb trees. They live only in China. They live in bamboo forests in the mountains of western China. There are not many pandas left in the forests. An adult giant panda is about 150 centimetres long and weighs about 90 kilograms. A baby is called a cub. When babies are 7 months old they can climb trees. Pandas eat a plant called bamboo. About 99% of the giant panda's food is bamboo, but it also eats grass, roots, plants. The giant panda spends about 12-14 hours a day feeding. Pandas often starve when the bamboo dies off. Panda is the symbol of peace in China. Giant pandas are now protected by law.

1. A	Answer the q	uestions be	low. Válaszolj a	kérdésekre.	000
a) Wha	a) What colour is a giant panda?				
b) Can	pandas climb	a tree?			
c) Who	ere do pandas	live?		•••••	
d) Hov	v big is a gian	nt panda?			
e) Wha	at do pandas e	eat?			
f) Are	there lots of p	andas in the	e world?		
g) Wha	at is the panda	a the symbol	l of in China?		
2. V	Write TRUE	or FALSE.	Igaz vagy ham	is az állítás?	
The pa	The panda has got a long tail. Pandas live in bamboo forests.				
The pa	ndas like to e	at meat.		Pandas can wa	alk on two.
Pandas	s live in Amer	rica.		You cannot h	unt a panda.
The pa	nda sleeps 12	2-14 hours a	day.	The baby pan	da weighs ninety kilos.
The ba	by panda can	climb a tree	e when it is born		
3.	3. Underline the odd-word-out. Húzd alá a kakukktojást.				
•	• baby	child	kid	adult	
•	monkey	panda	grizzly	koala	
•	grass	roots	meat	plants	
•	walk	fly	run	climb	
4.	What would	be your ow	n symbol of pe	ace? Mi lenne a 1	te békejeled?

WORKSHEET 3 LADYBIRD

The ladybird is also called a ladybug or a lady beetle. Ladybirds are small insects. They come in different colours – some are yellow, some orange or red with small black pots. They have 3 pairs of black legs with sticky feet, so they can climb upside down on a leaf. Ladybirds can fly about 25 km per hour. There are more than 4,000 different types of ladybirds. Ladybirds eat other insects, so the gardeners love them! During the winter, when it is very cold, ladybirds hibernate. That means they rest until it gets warmer. Sometimes ladybirds stay together in groups. This can help them stay warm in the winter. Ladybirds live longer than most insects. They usually live as adult ladybugs for three to nine months. They can live up to one year.

to one year.
1. Answer the questions. Válaszolj a kérdésekre.
a) What are other names for a ladybird?
b) What colour are ladybirds?
c) How fast can a ladybird fly?
d) Why do gardeners love ladybirds?
c) How long does a ladybird usually live?
2. Label parts of the ladybird after reading the description. Jelöld meg a testrészeket.
The <u>antennae</u> on the ladybird's <u>head</u> helps the ladybird smell, taste and feel its way around. A ladybird has two <u>eyes</u> but it doesn't see very well. Ladybirds have a shell called <u>elytra</u> . It protects their <u>wings</u> . You can see little black <u>spots</u> on the elytra. The wings are what helps the ladybird fly. The six short little <u>legs</u> help the ladybird to walk.
 3. Write TRUE or FALSE. Igaz vagy hamis az állítás? Ladybirds have 6 legs. There are 4,000 types of ladybirds. Ladybirds eat the leaves of trees. Ladybirds can climb on a leaf upside down. Ladybirds are in deep sleep when it is very cold in winter.

WORKSHEET 4 PENGUIN

Penguins live in Antarctica, South America, South Africa, New Zealand and Galapagos Islands. There are no penguins in the North Pole. Penguins are birds that do not fly. Penguins eat meat. They eat fish and shrimps. Penguins catch their food in the water using their beak. They drink salt water. Penguins spend half of their time on land and the other half in the water. Penguins can swim 30 kilometers per hour. Penguins have feathers, the do not have fur. All penguins are black, their fronts are white.

The largest penguins are the Emperor Penguins. They can be more than 1 metre tall and weigh almost 35 kilograms. The smallest penguins are the Little Blue Penguins. They are only about 40 cm tall and weigh only about 1 kilogram!

Penguins are social animals. Penguins often nest with other penguins. Penguins can be playful. They like to go tobogganing, they love to dive for fun.

1. Answer the questions. Válaszolj a kérdésekre. a) Where do penguins live? b) What do penguins eat? c) How fast can a penguin swim? d) How much does an Emperor penguin weigh? e) How tall is the Little blue penguin? 2. Write TRUE or FALSE. Igaz vagy hamis az állítás? Some penguins live in the North Pole. Penguins cannot fly at all. Penguins catch their food in water. Penguins spend the whole day in the water. Unlike people penguins can drink sea water. Penguins like to play and have fun. **3.** Complete the sentences with suitable words. Pótold a hiányzó szavakat. social beaks white North Pole feathers dive swim fur, they have The front of the penguin is Penguins love to ______ for fun. Penguins are _____ animals.

WORKSHEET 5 LONGEST RIVERS

The world's longest river is The Nile in Africa. It is about 6,700 kilometres long. The Nile river flows north to the Mediterranian Sea. It flows through Sudan and Egypt. The second largest river on the world is on the continent of South America. It is the Amazon. The river flows almost 6,500 km from west to east. The Amazon travels through rain forests to the Atlantic Ocean. The Yangtze river, which is in China, is the third longest one. It is the longest river in Asia, flowing for about 6,400 km. The Mississippi River is the longest one in the United States. Together with the Missouri river they form the fourth longest river in the world at more than 6,000 kilometres.

The longest river in Europe is in Russia. It is the Volga, which is over 3,000 kilometers long. The blue Danube, celebrated in a song of the same name, flows through Germany, Austria, Slovakia, Hungary, Croatia, Serbia, Bulgaria, Romania, Moldova and Ukraine. At 2,850 kilometers long, the Danube is Europe's second longest river.

1.	Write TRUE or FALSE. Igaz vagy hamis az állítás?
	 The Yangtze is the longest river in Asia. The Nile flows south. The Danube flows through 10 countries. The Volga is over 3,000 km long. The Amazon flows from east to west. The Missouri is the longest river in the USA.
2.	Answer the questions. Válaszolj a kérdésekre.
a) F	Now long is the longest river in the world?
b) V	Where can you find the second longest river in the world?
c) V	Vhat continent is the third longest river on?
d) I	s the Mississippi–Missouri river longer than 6,000 km?
e) V	Vhere can you find the Volga?
f) V	Vhat colour is used to describe the Danube?
3.	Write down 10 proper nouns from the text. Írj ki 10 tulajdonnevet a szövegből.

THE TITANIC

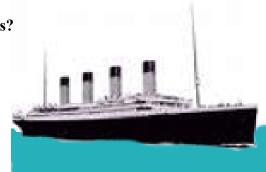
The famous Titanic was a large and elegant ship. It was almost as long as three football fields. More than two thousand people travelled on it from Southampton to New York City. Titanic had four elevators, a heated swimming pool, a gym, two libraries, and two barber shops. People travelled first, second and third class. First class was like a luxurious hotel. There was a dining salon, restaurants, shop, hospital, library. Rich children could go to the gym or playroom every day. There were bicycles and mechanical horses. Second class wasn't as luxurious but it was very pleasant with elegant rooms. Poor families travelled third class. Titanic sank on its first voyage on 15 April 1912. More than 1500 people died.

1. Answer the questions. Válaszolj a	kérdésekre
--------------------------------------	------------

a) How long was the Titanic?	
b) Where did it travelled from?	· • • •
c) How many people were on board?	
d) Could people swim in the ship?	· • • • •
e) Did the Titanic get to New York?	

2. Write TRUE or FALSE. Igaz vagy hamis az állítás?

- First class on Titanic was very luxurious.
- Rich kids could ride bikes on board.
- Poor families travelled first class, too.
- Only about 700 people survived.



3. Circle the correct words. Karikázd be a helyes szót.

The Titanic was a big **ship/yacht**. The Titanic had two **elevators/libraries**. **First/second** class was like a luxurious hotel. **Poor/rich** children could go to the playroom every day. Second class was very **pleasant/luxurious**. About seven hundred people **died/survived**.

4. Find the odd-word-out. Keresd meg a kakukktojást.

	restaurant	shop	library	class
>	ship	elevator	yacht	boat
	poor	famous	voyage	rich
>	board	sea	ocean	lake

MOUNT EVEREST

Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world. It lies in a region bordering the countries of Nepal and China in the mountain range called the Himalayas. The Tibetans named the peak "Chomolungma", meaning "Goddess Mother of the World". Mount Everest was named after a geographer, George Everest. The mountain is 8,849 meters high. Above 7,600 m the region is called "The Death Zone". Many climbers cannot survive there without extra oxygen. Some people have made the Himalayas their home. These native people are called Sherpas. They live in the valleys.

The first person ever to climb to the top of Mount Everest was Sir Edmund Hillary and his friend, Sherpa Tenzing Norgay. They reached the top on May 29, 1953. In 1980, Reinhold Messner became the first climber to reach the Mount Everest without a bottle of oxygen. 13-year-old Jordan Romero from the USA was the youngest person to reach the top of Everest and 80-year-old Yichiro Miura became the oldest person to climb to the top of the mountain.

1. Answer the questions. Válaszolj a kérdésekre.

How high is the Mount Everest?
What is the Sherpa name for the Everest?
What is "The Death Zone"?
What were the names of first 2 people on the top?
When did they get to the top of the Everest?
Who is Reinhold Messner?
Did a child ever reach the top of the Mount Everest?
How old was Yichiro Miura when he climbed to the top?
2. Write TRUE or FALSE. Igaz vagy hamis az állítás?
Mount Everest is the tallest mountain in the world. NEPAL China
Mount Everest is the part of Andes mountain range.
Mount Everest sits on the border of Nepal and India.
Older people cannot climb the Mount Everest.
Nobody lives in the valleys of the Himalayas.
Mount Everest was named after a mountaineer called George Everest.
Most mountaineers need to bring oxygen with them when they climb Everest.

MATERIALS

A material is what something is made of. There are 5 basic materials. Most of the things around us are made of them. They are: metal, glass, wood, cloth and plastic. Of course, there are other materials in the world, but these are the most common.

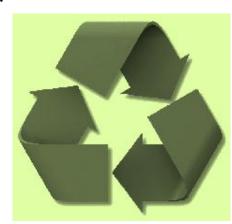
Metal is very heavy, it is also very hard. We use metal to make lots of things. We use it for forks and knive, keys, cars. We use it for these things because it is very strong. Glass is very smooth. It is hard, but it is not strong. It breaks very easily. We use it because it is clear and we can see through it. That's why we use it for windows and glasses. Wood is lighter than metal and glass. It is not as strong as metal, but it is stronger than glass. We use wood to make lots of things like chairs, tables or pencils. Cloth is very light and soft. It is much lighter than wood. Cloth is used to make clothing and blankets. Plastic is also very light, but it is different from cloth. Sometimes it is soft, sometimes it is hard. Plastic can be used to make thin plastic bags and also to make bicycle helmets.

1. What would be a	another suitable title for the	article? Mi	lehetne megfelelő	cím
a cikknek?				
		4		
Glass is very smooth.	There are five basic materials.	Material is wh	at something is made	e of.

2. Write TRUE or FALSE. Igaz vagy hamis az állítás?

•	Metal is heavy and hard.)
•	Glass is hard and strong.	

- Plastic can be both soft and hard.
- Glass is lighter than wood.
- Cloth is light and soft.
- There are only 5 materials in the world.



3. Answer the questions. Válaszolj a kérdésekre.

a)	What can you make of glass?
b)	What is a bike helmet made of?
c)	What is the hardest material mentioned?
d)	What is stronger – wood or glass?
e)	What is cloth like?
f)	What do we use metal for?

WORKSHEET 9 THE HISTORY OF MONEY

Long, long time ago, people did not have money. The Aztecs used small doll figures made of gold to buy things. The ancient Egyptians used ring money made of bronze, copper, or gold. The Celts in ancient Ireland also used ring money, plus bracelet money. The ancient Africans invented knife money. In other places in the world, people tried to use rice, or bread, or chocolate as money. But that did not work very well. The food went bad, or it was eaten.

The first coins appeared in ancient Turkey 2,700 years ago. The coins were round and flat and made of gold and silver. Later, The Greeks designed their coins with pictures of their gods and goddesses. The Greeks were the first civilization to use pictures of real people on their coins. The first was Alexander the Great. The ancient Romans were the first to add symbols like stars and eagles on their coins. The ancient Indians often used pictures of dragons and other make-believe animals on their coins. In ancient China people believed coins were lucky. Coins were a popular present because they provided two gifts - the gift of wealth and the gift of luck. 1. Answer the questions. Válaszolj a kérdésekre. a) What did the Aztecs used instead of money? b) Which 2 nations used ring money? c) Who invented knife money? d) Where were coins first used? e) Who was the first to use pictures of real people on coins? 2. Write TRUE or FALSE. Igaz vagy hamis az állítás? Long time ago people used food as money. People used coins first in Greece. • People used different symbols on coins in ancient Rome. • Coins were a popular gift in China. There were pictures of people on coins in Turkey. 3. Complete the sentences with suitable words. Pótold a hiányzó szavakat. The Aztecs used small figures to buy things. The Celts used ring and money. The first coins in ancient Turkey. The ancient Romans used

like stars and eagles on their coins. In ancient China coins were a popular

SCHOOL UNIFORMS

Jenny: Uniforms are old-fashioned.

I hate our school uniform. I prefer
brigh colours and our uniform is dark!

Robert: We don't find over who has trendy clothes and who doesn't.

Thomas: I think my mum is right. She says uniforms are cheaper than the latest fashionable clothes.

Paul: At my school we don't have uniforms. We can wear what we want.



Jimmy: If you wear a school uniform, you don't have to worry about what what you wear every day.

Rebecca: Uniforms are boring. We all look the same. I don't like them.

Mary: Uniforms are OK. I can save my best clothes for weekends.

Lewis: I don't really like uniforms, especially the tie. It is not very comfortable.



1.	Answer	the	questions.	V	álaszolj	a	kérdésekre.
----	--------	-----	------------	---	----------	---	-------------

• How many students like uniforms?								
• Why does Jimmy like school uniforms? .								
• What can you wear at Paul's school?								
What doesn't Jenny like about her uniform?								
 What doesn't Lewis like about his uniform? Why is Jim in favour of school uniforms? 								
								How many student think uniforms are bar
2. Who else wears uniforms in their jobs? Unscramble the letters. Ki visel még egyenruhát? Alkoss foglalkozásneveket a betűkből.								
tolip =	rife gifther =							
rusen =	kanb klerc =							
liceponam =	posh sasitanst =							
3. Now write about yourself. Írj magad	lról.							
Do you think wearing a school uniform is a good	l idea? What should a/your sc	chool uniform						
consist of? What colour should/shouldn't your so	chool uniform have?	<u> </u>						

VALENTINE'S DAY

Valentine's Day is a very old holiday. It goes back to the times of Ancient Rome. One of the characters we often see on Valentine's Day is Cupid. He was the son of Venus, the goddess of love. He shoots people with arrows of love. When a man and a woman are hit by his arrows, they fall in love.

Today people celebrate Valentine's Day on February 14. Men and women who are in love give each other gifts. The custom of sending cards, flowers, chocolates and other gifts originated in the UK. The most popular flower is the rose. Valentine's Day is not just for lovers. Children make special Valentine's cards for their classmates and friends. Families and friends may give candy or other small gifts to each other.

1. Answer the questions. Válaszolj a kérdésekre.

- Who was Cupid's mother?
- What does Cupid use to shoot people?
- When do we celebrate Valentine's Day?
- Where did the custom of seding cards originate?
- What is the most popular flower?
- What else can you give your loved ones on Valentine's Day?

2. Match the word with its definition. Kapcsold a szavakat a jelentésükhöz.

romantic arrow ancient fall in love custom celebrate

- ➤ have fun/party on a special day
- begin to love someone
- ➤ habit, tradition
- > a weapon that is shot from a bow
- someone/something that shows feelings of love
- > very old

3. Make 5 words out of VALENTINE. Alkoss 5 szót a VALENTINE név betűiből.

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WORKSHEET 12 OLYMPIC GAMES

The early Olympic Games were celebrated from 776 BC until 393 A.D. in Greece. During the first 15 Games, running was the only sport. There were no gold, silver or bronze awards in the ancient Olympics, just an olive wreath for the winner. In 1894 the modern-day Olympic Summer Games (Athens, Greece) were born thank to Baron Pierre de Coubertin, a French educator. Women were not allowed to compete in the Olympic Games until 1900. The first Winter Olympic Games were held in France in 1924. Only four athletes have ever won medals at both the Winter and Summer Olympic games.

The five Olympic rings represent the five major regions of the world – Africa, the Americas, Asia, Europe and Oceania. Every national flag in the world includes one of the 5 colours, which are blue, yellow, black, green and red.

1.	Write TRUE or FALSE. Igaz vagy hamis az állítás?	
	• The first Olympic Games were in the 8th century BC.	
	There were 15 kinds of sports on the early Olympic Games.	
	In the ancient Olympics winners got medals.	
	Women were allowed to compete in the ancient Olympic Games.	
	• Four athletes have won medal at both the Winter and Summer Olympic Games.	
2.	Answer the questions. Válaszolj a kérdésekre.	
a) V	Who was the founder of modern–day Olympic Games?	
c) V	Where was he born?	
b) '	Where were the first modern-day Olympic Games held?	•
c) V	What does the 5 Olympic rings represent?	

3. Find the odd-word-out. Találd meg a kakukktojást.

	GOLD	MEDAL	SILVER	BRUNZE
	VOLLEYBALL	HANDBALL	GOLF	BASKETBALL
>	SNOWBOARD	SAILING	SWIMMING	DIVING
>	GAMES	OLYMPICS	SPORTS	WINNERS

d) What colour are the rings?

Zdroje

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